Section 1: Identification

Product name : 283-1870 4L.

Product code : 000000000050822148

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 2

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3 (Respiratory system, Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : Phenolic resin
Alkyd resin
epoxy resin
amino resins
Epoxy resin derivative
polyvinyl alcohol derivate
Aldehyde/ketone resin
pigment
organic solvent
fillers

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
propan-1-ol	propan-1-ol	71-23-8	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 20 -< 30
isobutyl alcohol	2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20

			Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	>= 10 -< 20
n-butanol	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye	>= 10 -< 20

			damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	
Ceramic materials and wares	Ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	66402-68-4	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 3 -< 10
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	25036-25-3	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1	>= 1 -< 10
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 1 -< 10
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Specific target organ	>= 1 -< 2.5

			toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

		Call a physician immediately. Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	No known specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Dry powder Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3YE

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing

leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

Solvent vapors are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on : Avoid direct sunlight.

storage conditions		Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate), Carbon steel (Iron), Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propan-1-ol	71-23-8	WES-TWA	200 ppm 492 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		WES-STEL	250 ppm 614 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			

		TWA	100 ppm	ACGIH
isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	WES-TWA	50 ppm 152 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
n-butanol	71-36-3	WES-Ceiling	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES-TWA	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		WES-STEL	40 ppm 176 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			

		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids	Urine	End of exposure or end of shift	0.25 g/g creatinine	NZ BEI
		Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A2P2 class combination filter

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Remarks	:	Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g. nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove. Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1) Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1) Preventive skin protection

Eye protection	:	Required when there is a risk of eye contact. Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)
Skin and body protection	:	chemical-resistant disposable coveralls Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.
Protective measures	:	Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	yellow
Odor	:	alcohol-like
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic
Melting point/ range	:	not determined

Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	21 °C Method: ISO 3679
Flammability	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Relative vapor density	:	Heavier than air.
Density	:	0.988 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-	:	not applicable for mixtures

octanol/water

Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	151.000 mm2/s (40 °C)
		269.0 mm2/s (23 °C)
Flow time	:	> 40 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.

reactions

Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

propan-1-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-	:	log Pow: 0.2 (25 °C)

octanol/water		Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
isobutyl alcohol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 10 (25 °C) log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
xylene:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.
n-butanol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
Titanium dioxide:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4,170 (20 °C) log Pow: 3.6 (20 °C) pH: 7.8 GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II

Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	364
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	353

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	II
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3YE
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	14.11.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit
NZ OEL / WES-Ceiling	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx -

Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

284-13 18KG CV Chassis Filler chromatefree

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 08.06.2025
3.0	22.08.2025	000000000053079859	Date of first issue: 22.08.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 284-13 18KG CV Chassis Filler chromatefree

Product code : 000000000053079859

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye : Category 2

irritation

Respiratory sensitization	:	Category 1
Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : organic solvent
epoxy resin
fillers
acrylic resin
pigment
inorganic compounds

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 10 -< 20
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 10 -< 20
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye	>= 2.5 -< 10

			irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
n-Butyl acetate	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	Phenol, 4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bis-, polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]	25036-25-3	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1	>= 1 -< 10
1-methoxy-2-	2-methoxy-1-	108-65-6	Flammable liquids,	>= 1 -< 10

propylacetate	methylethyl acetate		Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	64742-95-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 2	>= 2.5 -< 10
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 1 -< 2.5
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10

ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	>= 1 -< 2.5
phthalic anhydride	phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3	>= 0.1 -< 1

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice	:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move out of dangerous area. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.
If inhaled	:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist. Call a physician immediately. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Advice on safe handling	:	Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

		Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Further information on storage conditions	:	Keep away from heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Store protected against freezing. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Recommended storage temperature	:	5 - 30 °C

Packaging material : Suitable material: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate), Carbon steel (Iron), Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Stove-lacquer C222A/C221A, Standard interior paint, Stove-lacquer Vitalure 745, Stove-lacquer Valspar HXR008F red, Stove-lacquer KNS L-5X, Stove-lacquer EHD0022, Stove-lacquer 79/14/3 (Müller/CH), Stove-lacquer R 78433, Stove-lacquer RDL 50

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			

		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	WES-STEL	200 ppm 950 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	150 ppm 713 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	64742-95-6	WES-TWA	300 ppm 890 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	500 ppm 1,480 mg/m3	NZ OEL
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	WES-TWA	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL (Respirable dust)	0.5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL	10 mg/m3	ACGIH

		(Respirable particulate matter)		
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES-TWA	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		WES-STEL	40 ppm 176 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
phthalic anhydride	85-44-9	WES-TWA	0.002 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin sensitizer, Respiratory sensitizer, Skin absorption			
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.002 mg/m3	ACGIH
		STEL (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.005 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids	Urine	End of exposure or end of shift	0.25 g/g creatinine	NZ BEI
		Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Skin and body protection : Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Chemical resistant apron

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

Persons with a history of allergies, asthma, recurrent or chronic respiratory disease must not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Persons using this

product should undergo lung function tests at regular intervals.

Respiratory protective equipment should be worn by spray booth operatives.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	gray
Odor	:	aromatic
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	> 27 °C Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.477 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)

		176 mm2/s (40 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Protect from frost. Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid direct sunlight. Heat.

Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

phthalic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,530 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7 GLP: no

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 200 (25 °C) log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.2 (20 °C) pH: 6.8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.17 GLP: no

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no

ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4,170 (20 °C) log Pow: 3.6 (20 °C) pH: 7.8 GLP: yes

phthalic anhydride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.60 (20 °C) GLP: No information available. Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE, ZINC OXIDE)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3

Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	22.08.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of

all components.
Restricted to professional users.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 -

Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

We create chemistry

Safety data sheet

1. Substance/preparation and manufacturer/supplier identification

284-30 3,5L

Use: Coatings and related products

Recommended use: Sprayable

Manufacturer/supplier:
BASF New Zealand Ltd.
5E City Works Depot
77 Cook Street
Auckland Central, Auckland 1010
NEW ZEALAND
Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
Telefax number: +64 9 255-4307

Emergency information:
National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance and mixture:
Skin corrosion/irritation: Cat. 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute: Cat. 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic: Cat. 2
Flammable liquids: Cat. 3

Label elements and precautionary statement:

Pictogram:



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P391	Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature

acrylic resin, fillers, organic solvent, pigment, polyvinyl alcohol derivate, epoxy resin

Hazardous ingredients

ethylbenzene
Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 %
CAS Number: 100-41-4

Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
Flam. Liq.: Cat. 2
Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (Inhalation - vapour)
Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
STOT RE (Auditory organ): Cat. 2
Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate
Content (W/W): >= 2.5 % - < 3 %
CAS Number: 108-65-6

Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)

2-butoxyethyl acetate
Content (W/W): >= 3 % - < 5 %
CAS Number: 112-07-2

Flam. Liq.: Cat. 4
Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (oral)
Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (dermal)
Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3

n-Butyl acetate
Content (W/W): >= 7 % - < 10 %
CAS Number: 123-86-4

Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)
Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester
Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 %
CAS Number: 763-69-9

Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3
Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (dermal)

xylene
Content (W/W): >= 5 % - < 7 %
CAS Number: 1330-20-7

Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (Inhalation - vapour)
Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
Skin Corr./Irrit.: Cat. 2
Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 2B
STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)
STOT RE (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney): Cat. 2
Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3

zinc phosphate

Content (W/W): >= 7 % - < 10 %	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 7779-90-0	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 1
	M-factor acute: 1
	M-factor chronic: 1

Neodecanoic acid, oxiranylmethyl ester

Content (W/W): >= 0.1 % - < 0.2 %	Skin Sens.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 26761-45-5	Muta.: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 2

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, <0.1% benzene

Content (W/W): >= 2.5 % - < 3 %	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 64742-95-6	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Remove affected person from danger area. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

On skin contact:
If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water, rinse abundantly. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

On contact with eyes:
If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Contact lenses should be removed. Hold eyelids open and flush with copious amounts of clean, fresh water or a special eyewash solution.

On ingestion:
Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water, seek medical attention. If adverse health effects develop seek medical attention.

Note to physician:
Symptoms: allergic symptoms, Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Treatment: Symptomatic treatment (decontamination, vital functions).
Antidote: No known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, dry powder, water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Specific hazards:
Fire will produce dense black smoke. Inhalation of dangerous decomposition products may cause serious damage to health.

Special protective equipment:
Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Further information:
Cool closed containers in the vicinity of the source of fire. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:
Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8.

Environmental precautions:
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. If the product enters drains or sewers, the local water company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the Environment Agency. Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil.

Methods for cleaning up or taking up:
Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for diposal according with the waste regulations (see section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid the use of solvents. Ensure adequate ventilation.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. Avoid inhalation

of vapour and spray mist. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapour forms explosive mixtures with air. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Storage

Keep away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Suitable materials for containers: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)
Further information on storage conditions: Keep container dry. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

ethylbenzene, 100-41-4;
TWA value 20 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 434 mg/m3 ; 100 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 543 mg/m3 ; 125 ppm (OEL (NZ))

n-Butyl acetate, 123-86-4;
STEL value 150 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 50 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 713 mg/m3 ; 150 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 950 mg/m3 ; 200 ppm (OEL (NZ))

xylene, 1330-20-7;
TWA value 100 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
STEL value 150 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 217 mg/m3 ; 50 ppm (OEL (NZ))

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, <0.1% benzene, 64742-95-6;
TWA value 1,600 mg/m3 ; 400 ppm (OEL (NZ))

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
Suitable respiratory protection: e.g. half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter When workers are facing concentrations above the occupational exposure limits they must use appropriate certified respirators. Use A1P2 breathing-protection half mask in case of contact with aerosols.

Hand protection:
Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.
Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.
The protection glove should be tested for its specific suitability (e.g. mechanical strength, product compatibility, anti-static properties).
Follow manufacturer's advice on use, storage, maintenance and replacement of gloves.
The gloves should be replaced immediately in case of damage or signs of wear. It is recommended to use preventative skin protection (skin cream).
Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.
nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,7 mm

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166), Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Body protection:
Anti-static protective clothing, Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

General safety and hygiene measures:
Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Keep separated from food stuffs and feed stocks.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid	
Colour:	grey	
Odour:	specific	
pH value:		
	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Melting point:		
	not determined	
onset of boiling:		
	not determined	
Flash point:	> 31 °C	(ISO 3679)
Flammability (solid/gas):	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Lower explosion limit:	36 g/m3	
Ignition temperature:	> 200.00 °C	

Self heating ability:	It is not a substance capable of spontaneous heating.	
Explosion hazard:	not explosive	
Fire promoting properties:	not fire-propagating	
Vapour pressure:	(20 °C) not determined	
	(50 °C) not determined	
Density:	1.648 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Miscibility with water:	immiscible	
Viscosity, kinematic:	411.6 mm2/s (20 °C)	
	(40 °C) not determined	
Flow time:	> 60 s	(DIN EN ISO 2431; 6 mm)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:
Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Substances to avoid:
Keep away from highly acidic or alkaline substances as well as oxidants in order to prevent exothermal reactions.

Hazardous reactions:
Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.

When exposed to high temperatures hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen may be produced., No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:
Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of

consciousness. Repeated and prolonged exposure to solvents at levels significantly above OELs may lead to the development of long-lasting central nervous system disorders such as chronic toxic encephalopathy, signs of toxicity include changes in behaviour and memory. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on: ethylbenzene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 3,500 mg/kg
Literature data.

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): approx. 1,880 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Information on: Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 4,309 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Information on: xylene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 3,523 mg/kg (similar to OECD guideline 401)

Information on: ethylbenzene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rabbit (dermal): 15,354 mg/kg
Literature data.

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rabbit (dermal): approx. 1,500 mg/kg

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:
The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Skin contact causes slight irritation.

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

Assessment of STOT single:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

Other relevant toxicity information

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the preparation and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. There are no test results available for this product. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

Mobility

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):
Biological degradability of hazardous substances mentioned in section 3:

Information on: ethylbenzene
Elimination information:
70 - 80 % TIC of the ThIC (28 d) (ISO 14593) (aerobic, activated sludge) Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Elimination information:
88 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301F; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-D) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

Information on: n-Butyl acetate
Elimination information:
80 % BOD of the ThOD (5 d) (OECD 301D; EEC 92/69, C.4-E) (aerobic, municipal sewage treatment plant effluent)

Information on: Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate
Elimination information:
100 % CO2 formation relative to the theoretical value (28 d) (Directive 84/449/EEC, C.5) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) Readily biodegradable.

100 % CO2 formation relative to the theoretical value (18 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, C.4-C) (aerobic)

Information on: xylene
Elimination information:
87.8 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD Guideline 301 F) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted)
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: zinc phosphate

Information on: 2,3-Epoxypropyl neodecanoate
Elimination information:
7 - 8 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301D; EEC 92/69, C.4-E) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

68 % DOC reduction (14 d) (OECD Guideline 302 A) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)
According to OECD criteria the product is not readily biodegradable but inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation potential

Bioaccumulation potential:
No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Observe national and local legal requirements.
No disposal via sewage or waste water systems.

Contaminated packaging:
Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

14. Transport Information

Domestic transport:

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3, EHSM
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

Further information
Hazchem Code:3Y
IERG Number:14

Sea transport
IMDG

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3, EHSM
Marine pollutant:	YES
Proper shipping name:	PAINT (contains ZINC PHOSPHATE)

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

15. Regulatory Information

Other regulations

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Tracking requirements do not apply to this substance.
A certified handler is not required for the handling of this substance.

HSNO Approval Number HSR002662
Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

16. Other Information

For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

We create chemistry

Safety data sheet

1. Substance/preparation and manufacturer/supplier identification

284-30 8L CV RATIO-TRUCK Sanding filler

Use: Coatings and related products

Recommended use: Sprayable

Manufacturer/supplier:
BASF New Zealand Ltd.
5E City Works Depot
77 Cook Street
Auckland Central, Auckland 1010
NEW ZEALAND
Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
Telefax number: +64 9 255-4307

Emergency information:
National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance and mixture:
Skin corrosion/irritation: Cat. 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute: Cat. 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic: Cat. 2
Flammable liquids: Cat. 3

Label elements and precautionary statement:

Pictogram:



Signal Word:
Warning

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove or Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P332 + P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
P391	Collect spillage.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature

acrylic resin, fillers, organic solvent, pigment, polyvinyl alcohol derivate, epoxy resin

Hazardous ingredients

ethylbenzene

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 %	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 100-41-4	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 2
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (Inhalation - vapour)
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
	STOT RE (Auditory organ): Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate

Content (W/W): >= 2.5 % - < 3 %	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
CAS Number: 108-65-6	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Content (W/W): >= 3 % - < 5 %	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 4
CAS Number: 112-07-2	Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (oral)
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (dermal)
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3

n-Butyl acetate

Content (W/W): >= 7 % - < 10 %	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
CAS Number: 123-86-4	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3

Propanoic acid, 3-ethoxy-, ethyl ester

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 %	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
CAS Number: 763-69-9	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (dermal)

xylene

Content (W/W): >= 5 % - < 7 %	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 1330-20-7	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (Inhalation - vapour)
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
	Skin Corr./Irrit.: Cat. 2
	Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 2B
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)
	STOT RE (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney): Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3

zinc phosphate

Content (W/W): >= 7 % - < 10 %	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 7779-90-0	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 1
	M-factor acute: 1
	M-factor chronic: 1

Neodecanoic acid, oxiranylmethyl ester

Content (W/W): >= 0.1 % - < 0.2 %	Skin Sens.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 26761-45-5	Muta.: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 2

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, <0.1% benzene

Content (W/W): >= 2.5 % - < 3 %	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 64742-95-6	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Remove affected person from danger area. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

On skin contact:
If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water, rinse abundantly. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

On contact with eyes:
If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Contact lenses should be removed. Hold eyelids open and flush with copious amounts of clean, fresh water or a special eyewash solution.

On ingestion:
Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water, seek medical attention. If adverse health effects develop seek medical attention.

Note to physician:
Symptoms: allergic symptoms, Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Treatment: Symptomatic treatment (decontamination, vital functions).
Antidote: No known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, dry powder, water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Specific hazards:
Fire will produce dense black smoke. Inhalation of dangerous decomposition products may cause serious damage to health.

Special protective equipment:
Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Further information:
Cool closed containers in the vicinity of the source of fire. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:
Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet. Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8.

Environmental precautions:
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways. If the product enters drains or sewers, the local water company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the Environment Agency. Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil.

Methods for cleaning up or taking up:
Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for diposal according with the waste regulations (see section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid the use of solvents. Ensure adequate ventilation.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. Avoid inhalation

of vapour and spray mist. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapour forms explosive mixtures with air. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Storage

Keep away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Suitable materials for containers: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)
Further information on storage conditions: Keep container dry. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

ethylbenzene, 100-41-4;
TWA value 20 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 434 mg/m3 ; 100 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 543 mg/m3 ; 125 ppm (OEL (NZ))

n-Butyl acetate, 123-86-4;
STEL value 150 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 50 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 713 mg/m3 ; 150 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 950 mg/m3 ; 200 ppm (OEL (NZ))

xylene, 1330-20-7;
TWA value 100 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
STEL value 150 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 217 mg/m3 ; 50 ppm (OEL (NZ))

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic, <0.1% benzene, 64742-95-6;
TWA value 1,600 mg/m3 ; 400 ppm (OEL (NZ))

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
Suitable respiratory protection: e.g. half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter When workers are facing concentrations above the occupational exposure limits they must use appropriate certified respirators. Use A1P2 breathing-protection half mask in case of contact with aerosols.

Hand protection:
Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.
Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.
The protection glove should be tested for its specific suitability (e.g. mechanical strength, product compatibility, anti-static properties).
Follow manufacturer's advice on use, storage, maintenance and replacement of gloves.
The gloves should be replaced immediately in case of damage or signs of wear. It is recommended to use preventative skin protection (skin cream).
Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.
nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,7 mm

Eye protection:
Safety glasses with side-shields (frame goggles) (e.g. EN 166), Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Body protection:
Anti-static protective clothing, Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

General safety and hygiene measures:
Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Keep separated from food stuffs and feed stocks.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid	
Colour:	grey	
Odour:	specific	
pH value:		
	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Melting point:		
	not determined	
onset of boiling:		
	not determined	
Flash point:	> 31 °C	(ISO 3679)
Flammability (solid/gas):	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Lower explosion limit:	36 g/m3	
Ignition temperature:	> 200.00 °C	

Self heating ability:	It is not a substance capable of spontaneous heating.	
Explosion hazard:	not explosive	
Fire promoting properties:	not fire-propagating	
Vapour pressure:	(20 °C) not determined	
	(50 °C) not determined	
Density:	1.648 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Miscibility with water:	immiscible	
Viscosity, kinematic:	411.6 mm2/s (20 °C)	
	(40 °C) not determined	
Flow time:	> 60 s	(DIN EN ISO 2431; 6 mm)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:
Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Substances to avoid:
Keep away from highly acidic or alkaline substances as well as oxidants in order to prevent exothermal reactions.

Hazardous reactions:
Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.

When exposed to high temperatures hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen may be produced., No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity:
Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of

consciousness. Repeated and prolonged exposure to solvents at levels significantly above OELs may lead to the development of long-lasting central nervous system disorders such as chronic toxic encephalopathy, signs of toxicity include changes in behaviour and memory. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on: ethylbenzene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 3,500 mg/kg
Literature data.

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): approx. 1,880 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Information on: Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 4,309 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401)

Information on: xylene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rat (oral): 3,523 mg/kg (similar to OECD guideline 401)

Information on: ethylbenzene
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rabbit (dermal): 15,354 mg/kg
Literature data.

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Experimental/calculated data:
LD50 rabbit (dermal): approx. 1,500 mg/kg

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:
The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Skin contact causes slight irritation.

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure):

Assessment of STOT single:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

Other relevant toxicity information

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the preparation and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. There are no test results available for this product. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

Mobility

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):
Biological degradability of hazardous substances mentioned in section 3:

Information on: ethylbenzene
Elimination information:
70 - 80 % TIC of the ThIC (28 d) (ISO 14593) (aerobic, activated sludge) Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Elimination information:
88 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301F; ISO 9408; 92/69/EEC, C.4-D) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

Information on: n-Butyl acetate
Elimination information:
80 % BOD of the ThOD (5 d) (OECD 301D; EEC 92/69, C.4-E) (aerobic, municipal sewage treatment plant effluent)

Information on: Ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate
Elimination information:
100 % CO2 formation relative to the theoretical value (28 d) (Directive 84/449/EEC, C.5) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) Readily biodegradable.

100 % CO2 formation relative to the theoretical value (18 d) (OECD 301B; ISO 9439; 92/69/EEC, C.4-C) (aerobic)

Information on: xylene
Elimination information:
87.8 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD Guideline 301 F) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted)
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Information on: zinc phosphate

Information on: 2,3-Epoxypropyl neodecanoate
Elimination information:
7 - 8 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301D; EEC 92/69, C.4-E) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted) Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

68 % DOC reduction (14 d) (OECD Guideline 302 A) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)
According to OECD criteria the product is not readily biodegradable but inherently biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation potential

Bioaccumulation potential:
No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Observe national and local legal requirements.
No disposal via sewage or waste water systems.

Contaminated packaging:
Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

14. Transport Information

Domestic transport:

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3, EHSM
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

Further information
Hazchem Code:3Y
IERG Number:14

Sea transport
IMDG

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3, EHSM
Marine pollutant:	YES
Proper shipping name:	PAINT (contains ZINC PHOSPHATE)

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

Packing group:	III
ID number:	UN 1263
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Proper shipping name:	PAINT

15. Regulatory Information

Other regulations

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Tracking requirements do not apply to this substance.
A certified handler is not required for the handling of this substance.

HSNO Approval Number HSR002662
Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

16. Other Information

For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

284-45 3,5L CV Filler, white

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 17.04.2025
2.1	08.06.2025	000000000050414323	Date of first issue: 08.06.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 284-45 3,5L CV Filler, white

Product code : 000000000050414323

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Carcinogenicity	:	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : acrylic resin
saturated polyester resin
epoxy resin
organic solvent
pigment
fillers

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)

Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 10 -< 20
Kaolin	kaolin	1332-58-7		>= 1 -< 10
n-Butyl acetate	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
Barium sulfate	barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 1 -< 10
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 1 -< 10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	64742-95-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 2	>= 2.5 -< 10
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids,	>= 2.5 -< 10

			Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
2,4-pentanedione	pentane-2,4-dione	123-54-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Inhalation),	>= 1 -< 10

			Category 3 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3	
4-methylpentan-2-one	4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Carcinogenicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 0.1 -< 1
maleic anhydride	maleic anhydride	108-31-6	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation)	>= 0.001< 0.1 -

			(Respiratory system), Category 1	

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable extinguishing	:	High volume water jet

media

Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

For emergency responders:

Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on storage conditions	:	Keep away from heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Store protected against freezing. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Recommended storage temperature	:	5 - 35 °C
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate), Carbon steel (Iron), Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Polypropylene, Polyethylenetherephtalate (PET), Low density polyethylene (LDPE), High density polyethylene (HDPE), Stove-lacquer C222A/C221A, Standard interior paint, Stove-lacquer Vitalure 745, Stove-lacquer Valspar HXR008F red, Stove-lacquer KNS L-5X, Stove-lacquer EHD0022, Stove-lacquer 79/14/3 (Müller/CH), Stove-lacquer R 78433, Stove-lacquer RDL 50

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control	Basis

		(Form of exposure)	parameters / Permissible concentration	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
Kaolin	1332-58-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	WES-STEL	200 ppm 950 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	150 ppm 713 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0)	64742-95-6	WES-TWA	300 ppm 890 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	500 ppm 1,480 mg/m3	NZ OEL
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
2,4-pentanedione	123-54-6	TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	WES-TWA	50 ppm 205 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	75 ppm 307 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	75 ppm	ACGIH
maleic anhydride	108-31-6	WES-TWA (Inhalable Fraction and	0.0025 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	NZ OEL

		Vapour)		
	Further information: Sensitiser			
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.01 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	MIBK	Urine	End of shift	0.7 mg/l	NZ BEI
		methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer,

the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Skin and body protection : Anti-static protective clothing

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits,

appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	white
Odor	:	of acetate
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	28 °C Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Relative vapor density	:	Heavier than air.
Density	:	1.584 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined (40 °C)

		411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Protect from frost. Heat, flames and sparks. Heat.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

maleic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,090 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4-methylpentan-2-one:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 200 (25 °C) log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

Barium sulfate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4.26 log Pow: 0.63

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7 GLP: no

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (CAS EU: 128601-23-0):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.17 GLP: no

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.2 (20 °C) pH: 6.8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

2,4-pentanedione:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0.4 (25 °C) Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

4-methylpentan-2-one:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 79 (20 °C) log Pow: 1.9 (20 °C) pH: 6.7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: no

maleic anhydride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -2.61 (19.8 °C) GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Observe national and local legal requirements.

Contaminated packaging : Containers which are not properly emptied must be disposed pursuant to Directive 2008/98/EC

Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE, SOLVENT NAPHTHA)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

ERG Code : 128

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002669 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Carcinogenic Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 08.06.2025

Further information

Other information : For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components.

Restricted to professional users.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect

Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 284-60 10L/12

Product code : 000000000050826930

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure : Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word	:	Warning
Hazard Statements	:	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary Statements	:	**Prevention:** P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed. P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment. P242 Use non-sparking tools. P243 Take action to prevent static discharges. P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors. P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection. **Response:** P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : acrylic resin
saturated polyester resin
organic solvent
pigment
fillers
epoxy resin
inorganic compounds

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
n-Butyl acetate	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 10 -< 20
Barium sulfate	barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 10 -< 20

Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 10 -< 20
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 1 -< 10
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
Aromatic epoxy compound MG 700-1100	4,4'-(1-Methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with (chloromethyl)oxirane	25068-38-6	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1	>= 1 -< 10
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids,	>= 1 -< 2.5

			Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled	:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	If symptoms persist, call a physician. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
In case of eye contact	:	If symptoms persist, call a physician. In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. Keep at rest. If swallowed, call a poison control center or doctor immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Hazchem Code : 3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Avoid breathing vapours.

For non-emergency personnel:

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

For emergency responders:

Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Advice on safe handling	:	Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to

control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on storage conditions : Avoid direct sunlight.

Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel.

Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Observe label precautions.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep away from heat.

Store protected against freezing.

Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.
Recommended storage temperature	:	5.00 - 35.00 °C
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	WES-STEL	200 ppm 950 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	150 ppm 713 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

				exposure ceases)		

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

butyl rubber gloves - material thickness: 0.5 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Skin and body protection : Anti-static protective clothing

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures	:	Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	gray
Odor	:	of acetate
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
	:	128.00 - 138.00 °C
Flash point	:	25 °C Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	9.0000 hPa (20 °C) 46.0000 hPa (50 °C)
Density	:	1.581 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined (40 °C)

		411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from frost. Heat.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic : 1

toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 200 (25 °C) log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

Barium sulfate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4.26 log Pow: 0.63

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7

GLP: no

1-methoxy-2-propylacetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.2 (20 °C) pH: 6.8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo	:	366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE)
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	22.08.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
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NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
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of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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NZ / EN

284-90 3,5L CV Primer Filler white

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 17.04.2025
3.1	08.06.2025	000000000050496775	Date of first issue: 08.06.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 284-90 3,5L CV Primer Filler white

Product code : 000000000050496775

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.
Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : acrylic resin
saturated polyester resin
fillers
pigment
organic solvent
inorganic compounds

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 10 -< 20
n-Butyl acetate	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ	>= 10 -< 20

			toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	
Barium sulfate	barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 1 -< 10
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
Kaolin	kaolin	1332-58-7		>= 1 -< 10
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	>= 2.5 -< 10

			Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 1 -< 2.5
maleic anhydride	maleic anhydride	108-31-6	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 0.001< 0.1 -

			Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) (Respiratory system), Category 1	

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard.

Keep at rest.

If swallowed, call a poison control center or doctor immediately.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.
No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray jet

Dry powder

Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
Special protective equipment	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

for fire-fighters

Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for	:	Ensure adequate ventilation.

containment and cleaning up	Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
Advice on safe handling	:	Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as

		the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Further information on storage conditions	:	Keep away from heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Store protected against freezing. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Recommended storage temperature	:	5 - 30 °C
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	WES-STEL	200 ppm 950 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	150 ppm 713 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhalable	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

		particulate matter)		
Kaolin	1332-58-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	WES-TWA	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL (Respirable dust)	0.5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

		matter)		
		STEL (Respirable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
maleic anhydride	108-31-6	WES-TWA (Inhalable Fraction and Vapour)	0.0025 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Sensitiser			
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.01 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the

manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Skin and body protection : Anti-static protective clothing

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily

accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	white
Odor	:	of acetate
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	> 27 °C

Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.6369 g/cm3 (20 °C) Method: calculated
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C

Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined (40 °C)
		411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Protect from frost.

Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid direct sunlight.

Heat.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

maleic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,090 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-	:	Pow: 200 (25 °C)

octanol/water		log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
Barium sulfate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4.26 log Pow: 0.63
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.2 (20 °C) pH: 6.8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
2-butoxyethyl acetate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no
xylene:		

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.
maleic anhydride:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -2.61 (19.8 °C) GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Containers which are not properly emptied must be disposed pursuant to Directive 2008/98/EC Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE, ZINC OXIDE)
Class	:	3

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

ERG Code	:	128

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	08.06.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance

Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

284-90 12L CV Primer Filler white

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 17.04.2025
3.1	08.06.2025	000000000050431827	Date of first issue: 08.06.2025

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 284-90 12L CV Primer Filler white

Product code : 000000000050431827

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin sensitization : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements : **Prevention:**
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P391 Collect spillage.
Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : acrylic resin
saturated polyester resin
fillers
pigment
organic solvent
inorganic compounds

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
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n-Butyl acetate	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ	>= 10 -< 20

			toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	
Barium sulfate	barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 1 -< 10
zinc phosphate	trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 2.5 -< 10
Kaolin	kaolin	1332-58-7		>= 1 -< 10
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	>= 2.5 -< 10

			Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
zinc oxide	zinc oxide	1314-13-2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	>= 1 -< 2.5
maleic anhydride	maleic anhydride	108-31-6	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 0.001< 0.1 -

			Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) (Respiratory system), Category 1	

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact	:	In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. Keep at rest. If swallowed, call a poison control center or doctor immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder

Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).
Hazardous combustion products	:	Oxides of phosphorus

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
Special protective equipment	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

for fire-fighters

Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
Methods and materials for	:	Ensure adequate ventilation.

containment and cleaning up	Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as

		the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Further information on storage conditions	:	Keep away from heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Store protected against freezing. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Recommended storage temperature	:	5 - 30 °C
Packaging material	:	Suitable material: Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	WES-STEL	200 ppm 950 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	150 ppm 713 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	150 ppm	ACGIH
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhalable	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

		particulate matter)		
Kaolin	1332-58-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	WES-TWA	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL (Respirable dust)	0.5 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

		matter)		
		STEL (Respirable particulate matter)	10 mg/m3	ACGIH
maleic anhydride	108-31-6	WES-TWA (Inhalable Fraction and Vapour)	0.0025 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Sensitiser			
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.01 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A1P2 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the

manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Skin and body protection : Anti-static protective clothing

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily

accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	white
Odor	:	of acetate
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	> 27 °C

Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.6369 g/cm3 (20 °C) Method: calculated
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C

Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined (40 °C)
		411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Protect from frost.

Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid direct sunlight.

Heat.

Incompatible materials : Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

maleic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,090 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components:

n-Butyl acetate:

Assessment	:	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

No aspiration toxicity classification

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

zinc phosphate:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

n-Butyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-	:	Pow: 200 (25 °C)

octanol/water		log Pow: 2.3 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
Barium sulfate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4.26 log Pow: 0.63
1-methoxy-2-propylacetate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.2 (20 °C) pH: 6.8 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
2-butoxyethyl acetate:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no
xylene:		

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

maleic anhydride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -2.61 (19.8 °C) GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Containers which are not properly emptied must be disposed pursuant to Directive 2008/98/EC Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT (ZINC PHOSPHATE, ZINC OXIDE)
Class	:	3

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

ERG Code	:	128

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	08.06.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance

Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

We create chemistry

Safety data sheet

BASF Safety data sheet
Date / Revised: 30.03.2024 Version: 4.0
Product: **801-705 4L**

(50706344/SDS_GEN_NZ/EN)
Date of print: 15.04.2024

1. Substance/preparation and manufacturer/supplier identification

Product name:
801-705 4L

Use: Coatings and related products

Manufacturer/supplier:
BASF New Zealand Ltd.
5E City Works Depot
77 Cook Street
Auckland Central, Auckland 1010
NEW ZEALAND
Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
Telefax number: +64 9 255-4307

Emergency information:
National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance and mixture:
Skin corrosion/irritation: Cat.2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Cat.1
Skin sensitization: Cat.1
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure: Cat.2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute: Cat.3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic: Cat.3
Flammable liquids: Cat.3

Label elements and precautionary statement:

Pictogram:



Signal Word:
Danger

Hazard Statement:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection or face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash contaminated body parts thoroughly after handling.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P260	Do not breathe dust or mist.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use water spray for extinction.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

P501	Dispose of contents and container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature

Substance nature: mixture

fillers, inorganic compounds, amino resins, Epoxy resin derivative, organic solvent, pigment, epoxy resin

Hazardous ingredients

Epoxy resin base Bisphenol-A MG <700

Content (W/W): >= 15 % - < 20 %	Skin Corr./Irrit.: Cat. 2
CAS Number: 25068-38-6	Skin Sens.: Cat. 1
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 2
	Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 2A

Ceramic materials and wares

Content (W/W): >= 12.5 % - < 15 %	Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 66402-68-4	

xylene

Content (W/W): >= 10 % - < 12.5 %	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1
CAS Number: 1330-20-7	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (Inhalation - vapour)
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
	Skin Irrit.: Cat. 2
	Eye Irrit.: Cat. 2B
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)
	Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3
	STOT RE (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidney): Cat. 2
	Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2

n-butanol

Content (W/W): >= 3 % - < 5 %	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3
CAS Number: 71-36-3	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral)
	Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (dermal)
	Skin Corr./Irrit.: Cat. 2
	Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 1
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)
	STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)

1-methoxypropan-2-ol

Content (W/W): >= 3 % - < 5 % CAS Number: 107-98-2	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3 Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral) STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness)

ethylbenzene

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 % CAS Number: 100-41-4	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 1 Flam. Liq.: Cat. 2 Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (Inhalation - vapour) Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral) STOT RE (Auditory organ): Cat. 2 Aquatic Acute: Cat. 2 Aquatic Chronic: Cat. 3

isobutyl alcohol

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 % CAS Number: 78-83-1	Asp. Tox.: Cat. 2 Flam. Liq.: Cat. 3 Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (oral) Acute Tox.: Cat. 5 (dermal) Skin Corr./Irrit.: Cat. 2 Eye Dam./Irrit.: Cat. 1 STOT SE: Cat. 3 (drowsiness and dizziness) STOT SE: Cat. 3 (irr. to respiratory syst.)

2-butoxyethyl acetate

Content (W/W): >= 1 % - < 2 % CAS Number: 112-07-2	Flam. Liq.: Cat. 4 Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (oral) Acute Tox.: Cat. 4 (dermal) Aquatic Acute: Cat. 3

4. First-Aid Measures

General advice:
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). Remove affected person from danger area. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled:
Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

On skin contact:
If symptoms persist, seek medical advice. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water, rinse abundantly. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

On contact with eyes:
Remove contact lenses, if present. Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist. Immediate medical attention required.

On ingestion:
Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water, seek medical attention. If adverse health effects develop seek medical attention.

Note to physician:
Symptoms: allergic symptoms, skin irritation, Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Antidote: No known specific antidote.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media:
carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, dry powder, water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media for safety reasons:
water jet

Specific hazards:
Fire will produce dense black smoke. Inhalation of dangerous decomposition products may cause serious damage to health.

Special protective equipment:
Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

Further information:
Cool closed containers in the vicinity of the source of fire. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations. Collect contaminated extinguishing water separately, do not allow to reach sewage or effluent systems.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions:
Avoid breathing vapours.For non-emergency personnel:Use personal protective clothing.Ensure adequate ventilation.Keep away from sources of ignition.For emergency responders:Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.Information regarding personal protective measures, see section 8.

Environmental precautions:
Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.If the product enters drains or sewers, the local water company should be contacted immediately; in the case of contamination of streams, rivers or lakes, the Environment Agency.Do not discharge into the subsoil/soil.

Methods for cleaning up or taking up:
Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in a suitable container for disposal according with the waste regulations (see section 13). Clean preferably with a detergent; avoid the use of solvents. Ensure adequate ventilation.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Avoid inhalation of vapour and spray mist. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Protection against fire and explosion:
Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapour forms explosive mixtures with air. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Storage

Keep away from oxidising agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

Suitable materials for containers: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate), Carbon steel (Iron), Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2)
Further information on storage conditions: Keep container dry. Keep away from heat. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Store protected against freezing.

Storage stability:
Storage temperature: 5.00 - 35.00 °C

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Components with occupational exposure limits

n-butanol, 71-36-3;
TWA value 20 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
Skin Designation (OEL (NZ))
Skin absorption can be significant.
CLV 150 mg/m3 ; 50 ppm (OEL (NZ))

isobutyl alcohol, 78-83-1;

TWA value 50 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 152 mg/m3 ; 50 ppm (OEL (NZ))

ethylbenzene, 100-41-4;
TWA value 20 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 88 mg/m3 ; 20 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 176 mg/m3 ; 40 ppm (OEL (NZ))
Skin Designation (OEL (NZ))
Skin absorption can be significant.

1-methoxypropan-2-ol, 107-98-2;
TWA value 50 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
STEL value 100 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 369 mg/m3 ; 100 ppm (OEL (NZ))
STEL value 553 mg/m3 ; 150 ppm (OEL (NZ))

xylene, 1330-20-7;
TWA value 20 ppm (ACGIHTLV)
TWA value 217 mg/m3 ; 50 ppm (OEL (NZ))

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection:
Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.
Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.
The protection glove should be tested for its specific suitability (e.g. mechanical strength, product compatibility, anti-static properties).
Follow manufacturer's advice on use, storage, maintenance and replacement of gloves.
The gloves should be replaced immediately in case of damage or signs of wear. It is recommended to use preventative skin protection (skin cream).
Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.
butyl rubber gloves - material thickness: 0.5 mm

Eye protection:
Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166), Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Body protection:
chemical-resistant apron and boots, Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

General safety and hygiene measures:
Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the

workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Hands and/or face should be washed before breaks and at the end of the shift. Keep separated from food stuffs and feed stocks.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form:	liquid	
Colour:	grey	
Odour:	alcohol-like	
pH value:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Melting point:	not determined	
onset of boiling:	>= 107 °C	(calculated)
Flash point:	24 °C	(ISO 3679)
Flammability (solid/gas):	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
Lower explosion limit:	36 g/m3	
Ignition temperature:	> 200.00 °C	
Thermal decomposition:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.	
Self heating ability:	It is not a material capable of spontaneous heating	
Explosion hazard:	not explosive	
Fire promoting properties:	not fire-propagating	
Vapour pressure:	(20 °C) not determined	
	(50 °C) not determined	
Density:	1.540 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative vapour density (air):	Heavier than air.	
Miscibility with water:	immiscible	
Partitioning coefficient n-octanol/water (log Pow):	not applicable for mixtures	
Viscosity, kinematic:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)	

	(40 °C) No data available.	
Flow time:	> 60 s (23 °C)	(DIN EN ISO 2431; 6 mm)

10. Stability and Reactivity

Conditions to avoid:
Avoid heat. Avoid direct sunlight. Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Avoid freezing.

Thermal decomposition:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Substances to avoid:
Keep away from highly acidic or alkaline substances as well as oxidants in order to prevent exothermal reactions.

Hazardous reactions:
Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.

When exposed to high temperatures hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen may be produced., No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Chemical stability:
The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Reactivity:
No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

11. Toxicological Information

Routes of exposure

Assessment of acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated and prolonged exposure to solvents at levels significantly above OELs may lead to the development of long-lasting central nervous system disorders such as chronic toxic encephalopathy, signs of toxicity include changes in behaviour and memory. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Symptoms

allergic symptoms skin irritation Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.

Irritation

Assessment of irritating effects:
The liquid splashed in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. Skin contact causes irritation. May cause severe damage to the eyes.

Respiratory/Skin sensitization

Assessment of sensitization:
Sensitization after skin contact possible.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment of mutagenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Developmental toxicity

Assessment of teratogenicity:
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Repeated dose toxicity and Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity:
Repeated exposure may affect certain organs.

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration hazard expected.

Other relevant toxicity information

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low molecular

weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membrane and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the preparation and exposure to spray mist and vapour should be avoided.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:
Harmful to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. There are no test results available for this product. Do not allow to enter drains or waterways.

Mobility

Assessment transport between environmental compartments:
No data available.

Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O):
Biological degradability of hazardous substances mentioned in section 3:

Information on: ethylbenzene
Elimination information:
70 - 80 % TIC of the ThIC (28 d) (ISO 14593) (aerobic, activated sludge) Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).

Information on: 2-butoxyethyl acetate
Elimination information:
88 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD 301F; ISO 9408; 92/69/EWG, C.4-D) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic)

Information on: xylene
Elimination information:
87.8 % BOD of the ThOD (28 d) (OECD Guideline 301 F) (aerobic, activated sludge, domestic, non-adapted)
The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from substances/products of a similar structure or composition.

Bioaccumulation potential

Bioaccumulation potential:
No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.
Observe national and local legal requirements.

Contaminated packaging:
Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible and disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product.

14. Transport Information

Domestic transport:

UN number or ID number:	UN 1263
UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Environmental hazards:	no
Special precautions for user:	None known

Further information
Hazchem Code:3Y
IERG Number:14

Sea transport
IMDG

UN number or ID number:	UN 1263
UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Environmental hazards:	no Marine pollutant: NO
Special precautions for user:	EmS: F-E; S-E

Air transport
IATA/ICAO

UN number or ID number:	UN 1263
UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es):	3
Packing group:	III
Environmental hazards:	No Mark as dangerous for the environment is needed
Special precautions for user:	None known

Further information
Not dangerous goods of class 3 in packages up to 450 litres capacity (valid for ADR, ADNR, RID, TDG and USDOT).

15. Regulatory Information

Other regulations

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in this safety data sheet, then it is described in this subsection.
Tracking requirements do not apply to this substance.
A certified handler is not required for the handling of this substance.

HSNO Approval Number HSR002662
Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable) Group Standard 2017

16. Other Information

For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components.Restricted to professional users.

Vertical lines in the left hand margin indicate an amendment from the previous version.

The data contained in this safety data sheet are based on our current knowledge and experience and describe the product only with regard to safety requirements. This safety data sheet is neither a Certificate of Analysis (CoA) nor technical data sheet and shall not be mistaken for a specification agreement. Identified uses in this safety data sheet do neither represent an agreement on the corresponding contractual quality of the substance/mixture nor a contractually designated use. It is the responsibility of the recipient of the product to ensure any proprietary rights and existing laws and legislation are observed.

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 801-715 4L

Product code : 000000000050777355

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : Epoxy resin derivative
fillers
epoxy resin
pigment
inorganic compounds
organic solvent

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Epoxy resin base Bisphenol-A MG <700	4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 2	>= 10 -< 20
Ceramic materials and wares	Ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	66402-68-4	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2	>= 10 -< 20

			Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 1 -< 10
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 1 -< 10
Limestone	limestone	1317-65-3		>= 1 -< 10
n-butanol	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 3 -< 10
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation),	>= 1 -< 2.5

			Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
isobutyl alcohol	2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0		>= 1 -< 10

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of skin contact avoid direct exposure to sunlight or other UV radiation since this would increase sensitisation of the skin.

In case of eye contact : If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Call a physician immediately.

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

In case of accidental eye contact avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the

		sensitivity of eye.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel:

emergency procedures		Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Ensure adequate ventilation.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on storage conditions : Avoid direct sunlight.

Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel.

Always keep in containers of same material as the original

one.

Observe label precautions.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Materials to avoid : Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic polymerization.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH

		matter)		
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Limestone	1317-65-3	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3 (Calcium carbonate)	NZ OEL
n-butanol	71-36-3	WES-Ceiling	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	WES-TWA	100 ppm 369 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	150 ppm 553 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	100 ppm	ACGIH
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES-TWA	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			

		WES-STEL	40 ppm 176 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	WES-TWA	50 ppm 152 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and	Urine	End of exposure or end of	0.25 g/g creatinine	NZ BEI

		phenylglyoxylic acids		shift		
		Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

butyl rubber gloves - material thickness: 0.5 mm Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove. Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Request information

on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1) Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Preventive skin protection

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Skin and body protection : Chemical resistant apron

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Color	:	gray
Odor	:	aromatic
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	26 °C Method: ISO 3679
Evaporation rate	:	not determined
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C)

		not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.546 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
		111.000 mm2/s (40 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.

Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Ultraviolet rays
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic polymerization.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7 GLP: no

n-butanol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

1-methoxypropan-2-ol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0.43 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

ethylbenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4,170 (20 °C) log Pow: 3.6 (20 °C) pH: 7.8 GLP: yes

isobutyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 10 (25 °C) log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no

Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3)):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.

Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
not allocated

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)

Chemical name	Environmental compartment	Reference concentration
xylene	Air	0.87 mg/m3
	Water	0.6 mg/l

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 22.08.2025

Further information

Other information : For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components.
Restricted to professional users.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

NZ BEI : New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit
NZ OEL / WES-Ceiling	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United

Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 801-715 10L

Product code : 000000000050755785

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : Epoxy resin derivative
fillers
epoxy resin
pigment
inorganic compounds
organic solvent

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Epoxy resin base Bisphenol-A MG <700	4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 2	>= 10 -< 20
Ceramic materials and wares	Ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	66402-68-4	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2	>= 10 -< 20

			Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 1 -< 10
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 1 -< 10
Limestone	limestone	1317-65-3		>= 1 -< 10
n-butanol	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 3 -< 10
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation),	>= 1 -< 2.5

			Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
isobutyl alcohol	2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0		>= 1 -< 10

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of skin contact avoid direct exposure to sunlight or other UV radiation since this would increase sensitisation of the skin.

In case of eye contact : If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Call a physician immediately.

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

In case of accidental eye contact avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the

		sensitivity of eye.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. No known specific antidote.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray jet Dry powder Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO_2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel:

emergency procedures		Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Ensure adequate ventilation.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on storage conditions : Avoid direct sunlight.

Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel.

Always keep in containers of same material as the original

one.

Observe label precautions.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Materials to avoid : Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic polymerization.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH

		matter)		
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Limestone	1317-65-3	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3 (Calcium carbonate)	NZ OEL
n-butanol	71-36-3	WES-Ceiling	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	WES-TWA	100 ppm 369 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	150 ppm 553 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	100 ppm	ACGIH
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES-TWA	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			

		WES-STEL	40 ppm 176 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	WES-TWA	50 ppm 152 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and	Urine	End of exposure or end of	0.25 g/g creatinine	NZ BEI

		phenylglyoxylic acids		shift		
		Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Wear respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

butyl rubber gloves - material thickness: 0.5 mm Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove. Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Request information

on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1) Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Preventive skin protection

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Skin and body protection : Chemical resistant apron

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Color	:	gray
Odor	:	aromatic
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	26 °C Method: ISO 3679
Evaporation rate	:	not determined
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C)

		not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.546 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)
		111.000 mm2/s (40 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.

Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Ultraviolet rays
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic polymerization.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor Method: Calculation method
Acute dermal toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable
talc:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7 GLP: no
n-butanol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
1-methoxypropan-2-ol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0.43 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.
ethylbenzene:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4,170 (20 °C) log Pow: 3.6 (20 °C) pH: 7.8 GLP: yes

isobutyl alcohol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 10 (25 °C) log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 107 GLP: no

Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3)):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.

Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
not allocated

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)

Chemical name	Environmental compartment	Reference concentration
xylene	Air	0.87 mg/m3
	Water	0.6 mg/l

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 22.08.2025

Further information

Other information : For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components.
Restricted to professional users.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

NZ BEI : New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices

NZ OEL : New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit
NZ OEL / WES-Ceiling	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United

Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 801-715 4L

Product code : 000000000050777355

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings and related products

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 1

Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H373 May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of

the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.
Response:
P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
Storage:
P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
The product may be a skin sensitizer. It is also a skin irritant and repeated contact may increase this effect.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : Epoxy resin derivative
fillers
epoxy resin
pigment
inorganic compounds
organic solvent

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Epoxy resin base Bisphenol-A MG <700	4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	25068-38-6	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 2	>= 10 -< 20
Ceramic materials and wares	Ceramic materials and wares, chemicals	66402-68-4	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>= 10 -< 20
xylene	xylenes	1330-20-7	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system), Category 2	>= 10 -< 20

			Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 1 -< 10
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 1 -< 10
Limestone	limestone	1317-65-3		>= 1 -< 10
n-butanol	butan-1-ol	71-36-3	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 3 -< 10
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 10
ethylbenzene	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Flammable liquids, Category 2 Acute toxicity (Inhalation),	>= 1 -< 2.5

			Category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 2 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
isobutyl alcohol	2-methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory system, Central nervous system), Category 3	>= 1 -< 3
2-butoxyethyl acetate	2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	Flammable liquids, Category 4 Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4	>= 1 -< 10
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0		>= 1 -< 10

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Move out of dangerous area.
In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Immediately remove contaminated clothing.
If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position).
First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes.

Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of skin contact avoid direct exposure to sunlight or other UV radiation since this would increase sensitisation of the skin.

In case of eye contact : If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Call a physician immediately.

Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.

In case of accidental eye contact avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the

		sensitivity of eye.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	No known specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Dry powder Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.

Environmental precautions	:	If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities. Avoid subsoil penetration. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Ensure adequate ventilation.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame. Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air. The relevant fire protection measures should be noted. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Advice on safe handling	:	Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary). Do not return residues to the storage containers. Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.
Hygiene measures	:	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
Further information on storage conditions	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. Observe label precautions. Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Materials to avoid	:	Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic

polymerization.

Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Packaging material : Suitable material: Stainless steel 1.4301 (V2), Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	WES-TWA	50 ppm 217 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate	2 mg/m3	ACGIH

		matter)		
Limestone	1317-65-3	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3 (Calcium carbonate)	NZ OEL
n-butanol	71-36-3	WES-Ceiling	50 ppm 150 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
1-methoxypropan-2-ol	107-98-2	WES-TWA	100 ppm 369 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	150 ppm 553 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	100 ppm	ACGIH
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES-TWA	20 ppm 88 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		WES-STEL	40 ppm 176 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Ototoxin, Skin absorption			
		TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	WES-TWA	50 ppm	NZ OEL

			152 mg/m3	
		TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
2-butoxyethyl acetate	112-07-2	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3))	13983-17-0	TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	Methylhippuric acid	Urine	End of shift	1.5 g/l	NZ BEI
		Methylhippuric acids	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1.5 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acids	Urine	End of exposure or end of shift	0.25 g/g creatinine	NZ BEI
		Sum of mandelic acid and phenyl glyoxylic	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after	0.15 g/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI

		acid		exposure ceases)		

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

half-mask with A2P2 class combination filter

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

butyl rubber gloves - material thickness: 0.5 mm Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove. Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1) Suitable materials also with

prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1): Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Preventive skin protection

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Tightly fitting safety goggles (splash goggles) (e.g. EN 166)

Skin and body protection : Chemical resistant apron

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures : Do not breathe vapour/spray.

Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Color : gray

Odor : aromatic

pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	26 °C Method: ISO 3679
Evaporation rate	:	not determined
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.546 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C) 111.000 mm2/s (40 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics		
Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid direct sunlight. Heat, flames and sparks. Ultraviolet rays
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions. Keep away from free radical initiators, peroxides, strong alkalis and reactive materials to avoid exothermic polymerization.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,880 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 1,500 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Kidney, Liver, Central nervous system, Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

No data available

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

xylene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 3.12 - 3.20 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C)

octanol/water		pH: 7 GLP: no
n-butanol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 117 GLP: yes
1-methoxypropan-2-ol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -0.43 (25 °C) GLP: no Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.
ethylbenzene:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4,170 (20 °C) log Pow: 3.6 (20 °C) pH: 7.8 GLP: yes
isobutyl alcohol:		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 10 (25 °C) log Pow: 1 (25 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

GLP: yes

2-butoxyethyl acetate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.51 (25 °C)

pH: 7

Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

GLP: no

Wollastonite (Ca(SiO3)):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: Not applicable

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

Observe national and local legal requirements.

Contaminated packaging : Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3

Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

Remarks	:	Packages smaller than or equal to 450 liters, not goods/merchandise of Class 3
		Packages smaller than or equal to 450 liters, not goods/merchandise of Class 3

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)

Chemical name	Environmental compartment	Reference concentration
xylene	Air	0.87 mg/m3
	Water	0.6 mg/l

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date : 13.11.2025

Further information

Other information : For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components.
Restricted to professional users.

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants

ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average
NZ OEL / WES-STEL	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit
NZ OEL / WES-Ceiling	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Ceiling

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardization; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organization for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MERCOSUR - The Agreement for the Facilitation of the Transport of Dangerous Goods; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory

of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

NZ / EN

Section 1: Identification

Product name : 839-180 1,4KG

Product code : 000000000050792840

Manufacturer or supplier's details

BASF Coatings and Chemetall New Zealand Limited
Level 1, 527A Rosebank Road, Avondale
Auckland 1026
New Zealand
Telephone: 008 837 464, +64 9 820 3888
Telefax number: +64 9 820 3979
E-mail address: nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency contact

Telephone: +64 9 255-4300
E-mail address: ProductSafety_EC_APAC@basf.com, nzadmin@basf.com

Emergency telephone : National Poisons Centre: 0800 764 766
BASF Emergency Advice Number: 0800 944 955 (24 hour advice in an emergency only)
BASF Emergency Advice Number: +61 3 8855 6666 (If calling from outside New Zealand)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Spraying
Putty

Section 2: Hazard identification

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation : Category 2

Skin sensitization	:	Category 1
Reproductive toxicity	:	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3 (Respiratory system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 1 (Auditory system)
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	:	Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements :
H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H372 Causes damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :
Prevention:
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.
P242 Use non-sparking tools.
P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification
If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical nature : unsaturated polyester resin
synthetic polymerizates
organic solvent
fillers
organic compounds
pigment

Components

Chemical name	Common Name/Synonyms	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
styrene	styrene	100-42-5	Flammable liquids, Category 3 Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Respiratory	>= 25 -< 30

			system), Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Auditory system), Category 1 Aspiration hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	
talc	Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4)	14807-96-6		>= 10 -< 20
Limestone	limestone	1317-65-3		>= 10 -< 20
Barium sulfate	barium sulfate	7727-43-7		>= 1 -< 10
Titanium dioxide	titanium dioxide	13463-67-7		>= 1 -< 10
Cobalt (2-ethylhexanoate)	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Reproductive toxicity, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 3	>= 0.25 -< 1
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	hydroquinone	123-31-9	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	>=< 0.025 0.0025 -

			Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1B Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 2 Carcinogenicity, Category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard, Category 1	
maleic anhydride	maleic anhydride	108-31-6	Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1 Respiratory sensitization, Category 1 Skin sensitization, Sub-category 1A Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Inhalation) (Respiratory system), Category 1	>= 0.001< 0.1 -

Section 4: First-aid measures

General advice	:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move out of dangerous area. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Immediately remove contaminated clothing. If the patient is likely to become unconscious, place and transport in stable sideways position (recovery position). First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety.
If inhaled	:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Call a physician immediately. If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn. Immediately wash affected eyes for at least 15 minutes under running water with eyelids held open, consult an eye specialist.
If swallowed	:	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and	:	Causes skin irritation.

delayed		May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Information, i.e. additional information on symptoms and effects may be included in the GHS labeling phrases available in Section 2 and in the Toxicological assessments available in Section 11.
Notes to physician	:	No known specific antidote. Treat symptomatically.

Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Dry powder Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products (see section 10).

Advice for firefighters

Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.
Hazchem Code	:	3Y

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Avoid breathing vapours. For non-emergency personnel: Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep away from sources of ignition. For emergency responders: Advice on product handling can be found in sections 7 and 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the

environment.

Avoid subsoil penetration.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

Section 7: Handling and storage

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Avoid all sources of ignition: heat, sparks, open flame.

Product may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another and earth containers. It is recommended that operators should wear antistatic clothing and footwear.

Solvent vapors are heavier than air and spread along floors. Vapor forms explosive mixtures with air.

The relevant fire protection measures should be noted.

Use explosion-proof equipment.

Advice on safe handling : Provide good ventilation of working area (local exhaust ventilation if necessary).

Do not return residues to the storage containers.

Smoking, eating and drinking are forbidden in application area. For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

The workplace should be equipped with an emergency shower and eye-rinsing facility.

Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Hygiene measures : Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Further information on storage conditions : Keep away from heat.

Avoid direct sunlight.

Close containers carefully once opened and store them upright in order to prevent any leakage. No smoking. No admission for unauthorised personnel.

Always keep in containers of same material as the original one.

Observe label precautions.

Store protected against freezing.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Materials to avoid : Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Recommended storage temperature : 5 - 25 °C

Packaging material : Suitable material: Carbon steel (Iron), tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
styrene	100-42-5	WES-TWA	20 ppm 85 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Suspected human carcinogen, Ototoxin			
		WES-STEL	40 ppm 170 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Suspected human carcinogen, Ototoxin			
		TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH

		STEL	20 ppm	ACGIH
talc	14807-96-6	WES-TWA (Respirable dust)	2 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2 mg/m3	ACGIH
Limestone	1317-65-3	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3 (Calcium carbonate)	NZ OEL
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Inhalable particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	WES-TWA	10 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	2.5 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	123-31-9	WES-TWA	1 mg/m3	NZ OEL
	Further information: Skin sensitizer, Skin absorption			
		TWA	1 mg/m3	ACGIH
maleic anhydride	108-31-6	WES-TWA (Inhalable Fraction and Vapour)	0.0025 ppm 0.01 mg/m3	NZ OEL

	Further information: Sensitiser			
		TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	0.01 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
styrene	100-42-5	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift	400 mg/g creatinine	NZ BEI
		Styrene	Urine	End of shift	40 µg/l	NZ BEI
		Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	150 mg/g creatinine	ACGIH BEI
		Styrene	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	20 µg/l	ACGIH BEI
1,4-dihydroxybenzene	123-31-9	Methemoglo	In blood	During or at the	5 % Hb	ACGIH

		bin		end of the shift		BEI

Engineering measures : Ensure adequate ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Suitable respiratory equipment:

full face mask with AB2P3 class combination filter

In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. Any chemical protection glove certified according to EN ISO 374-1 is suitable: e.g.

nitrile gloves - material thickness: 0,35 mm

Further information on penetration time is available from the manufacturer of the glove.

Data are based on information from the glove manufacturer, the raw material manufacturer or according to specifics of the product components.

The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Request information on glove permeation properties from the glove supplier.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Preventive skin protection

Suitable materials for short-term contact (recommended: At least protective index 2, corresponding > 30 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Suitable materials also with prolonged, direct contact (Recommended: Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1):

Suitable materials against splashes (recommended: At least protective index 1, corresponding > 10 minutes of permeation time according to EN ISO 374-1)

Eye protection : Required when there is a risk of eye contact.

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Skin and body protection : Anti-static protective clothing

Personnel should wear antistatic, flame-retardant clothing made of natural fibres and/or heat-resistant synthetic fibres.

Protective measures	:	Do not breathe vapour/spray. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations at the workplace below the occupational exposure limits, appropriate certified respirators must be worn. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	liquid
Color	:	gray
Odor	:	of styrene
pH	:	substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)
Melting point/ range	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	28 °C Method: ISO 3679

Flammability	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	> 35.0 g/m3
Vapor pressure	:	not determined (20 °C) not determined (50 °C)
Density	:	1.489 g/cm3 (20 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not applicable for mixtures
Autoignition temperature	:	> 200 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.
Viscosity		
Viscosity, kinematic	:	411.6 mm2/s (23 °C)

		276.000 mm2/s (40 °C)
Flow time	:	> 60 s (23 °C) Cross section: 6 mm Method: ISO 2431
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Self-heating substances	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as self heating.
Metal corrosion rate	:	Not corrosive to metals.
Particle characteristics Particle size	:	The substance / product is marketed or used in a non solid or granular form.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Vapours may form ignitable mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Protect from frost. Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid direct sunlight. Heat.
Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials in order to avoid exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapor

Method: Calculation method

Components:

styrene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 12 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: vapor

maleic anhydride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,090 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Auditory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Cobalt (2-ethylhexanoate):

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	1

1,4-dihydroxybenzene:

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity)	:	10

Persistence and degradability

No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

styrene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 2.96 (25 °C) Method: OECD Test Guideline 107

talc:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -9.4 (25 °C) pH: 7 GLP: no

Barium sulfate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Pow: 4.26 log Pow: 0.63

Titanium dioxide:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Remarks: Not applicable

Cobalt (2-ethylhexanoate):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 2.96 (20 °C) pH: 7

1,4-dihydroxybenzene:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 0.59 Remarks: Information taken from reference works and the literature.

maleic anhydride:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: -2.61 (19.8 °C) GLP: yes

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater. Observe national and local legal requirements.
Contaminated packaging	:	Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.

Section 14: Transport information

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT

Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Environmentally hazardous	:	no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Flammable Liquids
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	355

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
EmS Code	:	F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant	:	no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

NZS 5433

UN number	:	UN 1263
Proper shipping name	:	PAINT
Class	:	3
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	3
Hazchem Code	:	3Y
Marine pollutant	:	no

Special precautions for user

Remarks	:	Packages smaller than or equal to 450 liters, not goods/merchandise of Class 3
		Packages smaller than or equal to 450 liters, not goods/merchandise of Class 3

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

HSNO Approval Number
HSR002662 Surface Coatings and Colourants Flammable Group Standard

Tolerable Exposure Limits (TEL)
Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Limits (EEL)
Not applicable

HSW Controls
Certified handler certificate not required.
Tracking hazardous substance not required.
Refer to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, for further information.

Section 16: Other information

Revision Date	:	13.11.2025

Further information

Other information	:	For multi-pack systems observe material safety data sheets of all components. Restricted to professional users.
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI	:	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NZ BEI	:	New Zealand. Biological Exposure Indices
NZ OEL	:	New Zealand. Workplace Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit
NZ OEL / WES-TWA	:	Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted average

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